

CDSolutions

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION USING ADVANCED SAMPLE HANDLING TECHNOLOGY

Tri-Step Analysis of a Latex Glove

Polymeric materials are almost always comprised of more than just a polymer. They may also contain additives like antioxidants, plasticizers, stabilizers, residual monomers and contaminants. Thermal sampling permits the analysis of both the volatile and non-volatile constituents of such a material directly to the GC/MS without the use of solvents. The sample is simply heated rapidly to successively higher temperatures, liberating different compounds for each GC run.

The latex glove used in this example contains a phthalate plasticizer, which is volatilized at the lowest temperature (200°C) shown in Figure 1. When the same piece of latex is then heated to 400°C for a few seconds, isoprene and limonene, the dimer of isoprene are released, confirming that the glove is made from natural rubber. In addition, at this temperature, a series of fatty acids and paraffins are detected, as seen in Figure 2. These are probably mold-release compounds on the surface of the glove from its manufacture.

The final analysis is a pyrolysis at 700°C. This pyrogram is typical for polyisoprene, and includes not only the monomer and dimer, but also higher oligomers as well. A single step analysis would have included the plasticizer, wax, fatty acids and residuals in the pyrogram, making the analysis more complex and perhaps obscuring some of the smaller constituents. This three-step thermal separation permits easy identification of the phthalate and other non-pyrolysis products, simplifying the total analysis.

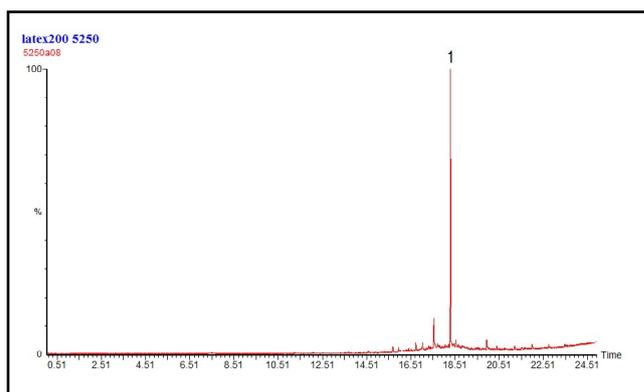


Figure 1. Latex glove at 200°C.

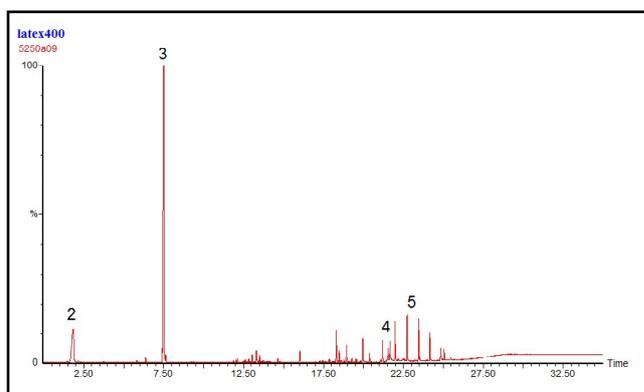


Figure 2. Latex glove at 400°C.

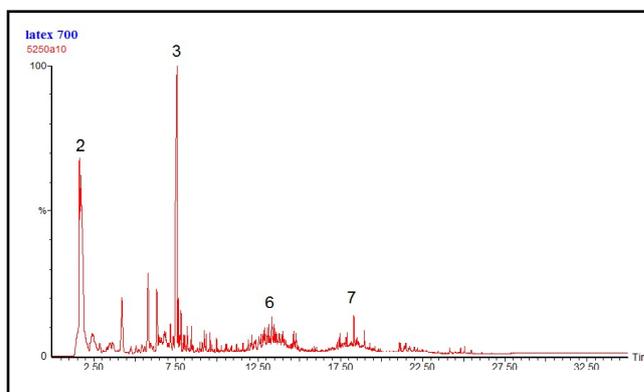


Figure 3. Latex glove at 700°C.

Table 1

Peak #	COMPOUND
1	ETHYL PHTHALATE
2	ISOPRENE
3	L-LIMONENE
4	LINOLEICACID
5	WAX
6	TRIMERS
7	TETRAMERS

Equipment

These samples were analyzed using a CDS Analytical Model 5200 Pyroprobe, interfaced to a Perkin Elmer Clarus 500 GC/MS.

Model 5200 Conditions

Valve Oven: 300°C
Interface: 200°, 300°C
Pyrolysis: 700°C
Time: 15 seconds

GC Conditions

Carrier: Helium, split 50:1
Column: 30 m x 0.25 mm 5%phenyl MS
Detector: Clarus 500 MS

GC Program:

Initial: 40°C for 2 minutes
Ramp: 10°C/min.
Final: 300°C

FOR MORE INFORMATION
CONCERNING THIS APPLICATION,
WE RECOMMEND THE
FOLLOWING READING:

T. P. Wampler, Temperature as a
Sample Preparation Tool in the Analy-
sis of Materials by GC/MS, LC-GC,
17: 9 (1999).

Additional literature on this and related
applications may be obtained by
contacting your local CDS Analytical
representative, or directly from CDS at
the address below.



CDS Analytical, Inc. has been a leader in the design and manufacture of laboratory instruments for sample preparation and analysis since 1969. We are dedicated to providing the best possible instruments for both research and routine analysis. Well known in the field of pyrolysis, CDS manufactures the Pyroprobe® 5000, 5250, 5200 and 5250 autosampler for the introduction and analysis of solid materials by GC, MS and FT-IR. CDS offers a complete line of dynamic headspace instruments for the analysis of volatile organic compounds in environmental, pharmaceutical and food applications, including the model 8000 for complex, multicomponent materials investigation. Our customers, their requirements and applications are important to us. To help meet your needs, we offer a wide range of analytical information and the services of our applications laboratory. If you would like additional information, please contact us at the address below, call us at 1 800 541 6593, or log onto cdsanalytical.com.