

CDSolutions

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION USING ADVANCED SAMPLE HANDLING TECHNOLOGY

Pyrolysis of Switchgrass at Elevated Pressure

Plant materials like switchgrass, straw and wood are comprised of two important biopolymers - cellulose and lignin. Cellulose is a polysaccharide made from glucose, while lignin is a complex aromatic polymer with considerable phenolic functionality. Each of these biopolymers produces characteristic pyrolysis products, with cellulose making a series of substituted furans and levoglucosan, and lignin producing phenolic products. A natural material containing both lignin and cellulose will produce both sets of products in the pyrogram.

Figure 1 shows pyrograms at low pressure and elevated pressure (400 psi) for a sample of switchgrass. Each run contains typical components like levoglucosan (shown in lower run) from cellulose, and the vinyl methoxyphenol (shown in the upper run) from lignin. There are considerable differences in the two runs, as shown in Figure 2, which expands the region from 5 to 8 minutes. The run performed at 400 psi now reveals more aromatic structures, including phenol and the methyl phenols shown.

These samples were pyrolyzed at 600°C using a Pyroprobe 5200 in the trap mode, equipped with a back-pressure regulator. The sample chamber pressure was held at 400 psi during pyrolysis, with the pyrolysate passing through the pressure regulator and then through a trap. The trap permits analysis at a pressure different from the GC pressure, and even different atmosphere (for example, air) if desired. The trapped analytes were then thermally desorbed to the gas chromatograph at normal GC inlet pressure for the analysis.

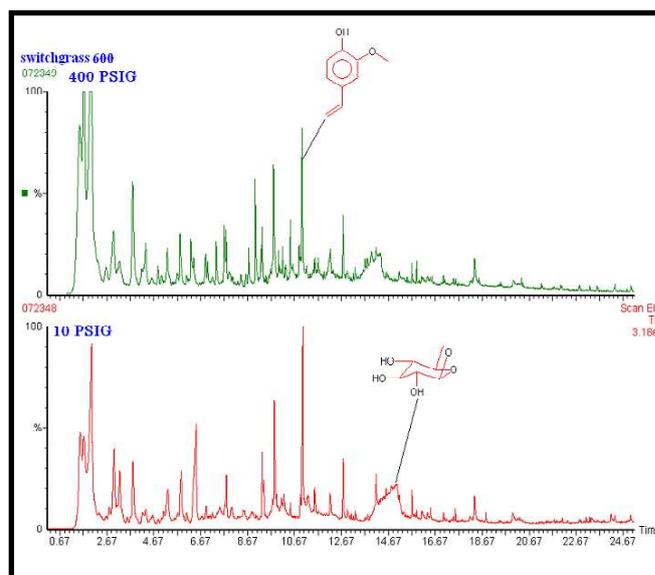


Figure 1. Switchgrass at 600°C, High pressure (top) and low pressure (bottom).

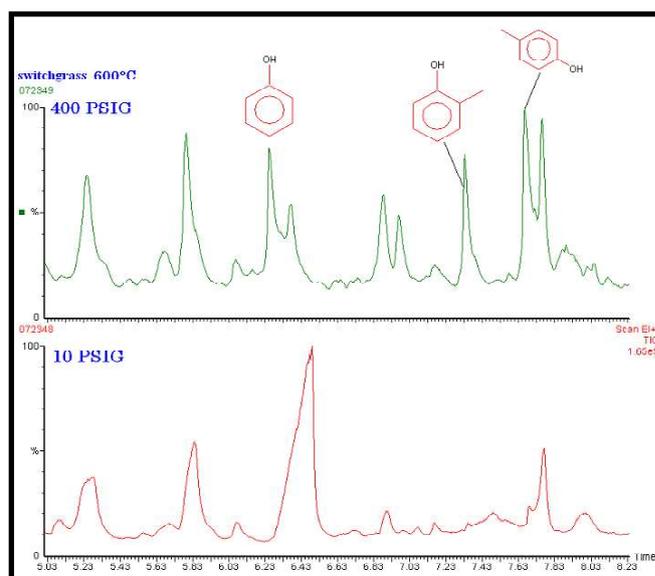


Figure 2. High pressure (top) and low pressure (bottom), expanded.

Equipment

These samples were analyzed using a CDS Model 5200 Pyroprobe, interfaced to an Perkin Elmer Clarus gas chromatograph/mass spectrometer.

Model 5200 Conditions

Valve Oven: 300°C
Transfer Line: 325°C
Temperature: 600°
Time: 60 seconds
Interface: 300°C
Interface time 5 min

GC Conditions

Carrier: Helium
Injector: 350°C
Split: 100:1
Column: 5% phenyl (30m X 0.25mm)
Detector: Clarus 500 MS
Range: 35 - 550

GC Program:

Initial: 40°C for 2 minutes
Ramp: 10°C/min.
Final: 300°C

FOR MORE INFORMATION
CONCERNING THIS APPLICATION,
WE RECOMMEND THE
FOLLOWING READING:

Thermal transformation of pine wood components under pyrolysis/gas chromatography/mass spectrometry conditions, M. E. Arias et al., J. Anal. Appl. Pyrolysis 77 (2006) 63-67.

Additional literature on this and related applications may be obtained by contacting your local CDS Analytical representative, or directly from CDS at the address below.

CDS Analytical, Inc. has been a leader in the design and manufacture of laboratory instruments for sample preparation and analysis since 1969. We are dedicated to providing the best possible instruments for both research and routine analysis. Well known in the field of pyrolysis, CDS manufactures the Pyroprobe® 5000, 5150, 5200 and 5250 autosampler for the introduction and analysis of solid materials by GC, MS and FT-IR. CDS offers a complete line of dynamic headspace instruments for the analysis of volatile organic compounds in environmental, pharmaceutical and food applications, including the model 8400 four-position autosampler. CDS also manufactures the Dynatherm line of thermal desorption instruments including the 9000 series for air monitoring and the 9300 TDA. Our customers, their requirements and applications are important to us. To help meet your needs, we offer a wide range of analytical information and the services of our applications laboratory. If you would like additional information, please contact us at the address below, call us at 1 800 541 6593, or log onto [www. cdsanalytical.com](http://www.cdsanalytical.com).