

## GDA2

# Detector químico portátil de amplio espectro



## Respuestas in situ



Accidentes en plantas químicas, durante el transporte, fuegos y ataques terroristas (agentes químicos de guerra – CWA)

La adecuada evaluación de riesgos requiere instrumentación analítica in situ



# GDA: Equipo híbrido multisensor



Diferentes principios de detección en un instrumento portátil



## Límites de exposición tolerables

Substance	Concentration limit [ppm]	Sensor type	Substance	Concentration limit [ppm]	Sensor type
Acetic acid	20	IMS, SC	Hydrogen cyanide	5	IMS, EC
Acetone					IMS), EC
Acroleine					IMS, EC
Acrylonitrile					IMS, SC
Ammonia					IMS
Benzene					EC
Carbon dioxide					EC
Carbon disulfide					PID, SC
Carbon monoxide					IMS, EC
Chlorine					IMS, SC
Chlorobenzene					ID, SC
Chlorocyanide					IMS
Hydrazine					IMS
Ethanol					IMS
Formaldehyde					IMS, PID
Hexane, n-	200	PID, SC	Vinyl chloride	100	PID, SC, EC
Hydrogen chloride	5	IMS, EC			

Solución para situaciones como:

- Muchas y variadas sustancias con diferentes toxicidades
- Muy amplio rango de concentración

Toluenediisocyanate (TDI) 0.02 ppm

Acetona (500 ppm):

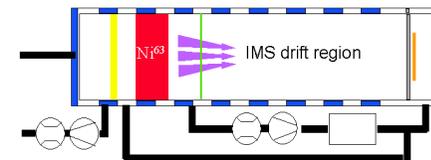
Rango dinámico  $10^5$

Portátil en mano y medida instantánea

Configuración completa modo multisensor

	ETW AEGL3	IMS	PID	EC	MOS
Acetic Acid	20				
Acetone	500				
Acroleine	0,2				
Acrylnitrile	20				
Ammonia	50				
Arsine, ASH3	1				
Benzene	20				
Boron Trichloride	2				
Boron Trifluoride	3				
Carbon Disulfide	10				
Carbon Monoxide	100				
Chlorine	1				
Chlorobenzene	100				
Chlorocycane	0,3				
Diborane	0,1				
1,2- Dimethylhydrazine	0,8				
Epichlorohydrin	16				
Ethanol	3000				
Ethylene Oxide	6,1				
Ethylene Diamine	14				
Formaldehyde	1				
Hexane, n-	200				
Hydrazine	1				
Hydrogen Bromide	3,5				
Hydrogen chloride	5,4				
Hydrogen cyanide	3,5				
Hydrogen fluoride	12				
Hydrogen sulfide	20				
Methanol	720				
Methyl Mercaptane	3				
Nitric Acid	3				
Nitrogen dioxide	8,2				
Phosgene	0,08				
Phosphine	0,5				
Phosphorous Trichloride, POCl	0,1				
Styrene	40				
Sulfur dioxide	1				
Sulfuric Acid	3				
Tetrachloroethylene	120				
Toluene	94				
Toluene diisocyanate, TDI	0,02				
Trichloro methane	90				
Trichloroethane, 1,1,1,-	380				
Trichloroethane, 1,1,2,-	25				
Trichloroethylene	100				
Vinyl chloride	100				

Cobertura completa



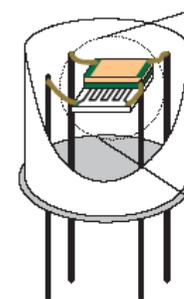
IMS



EC



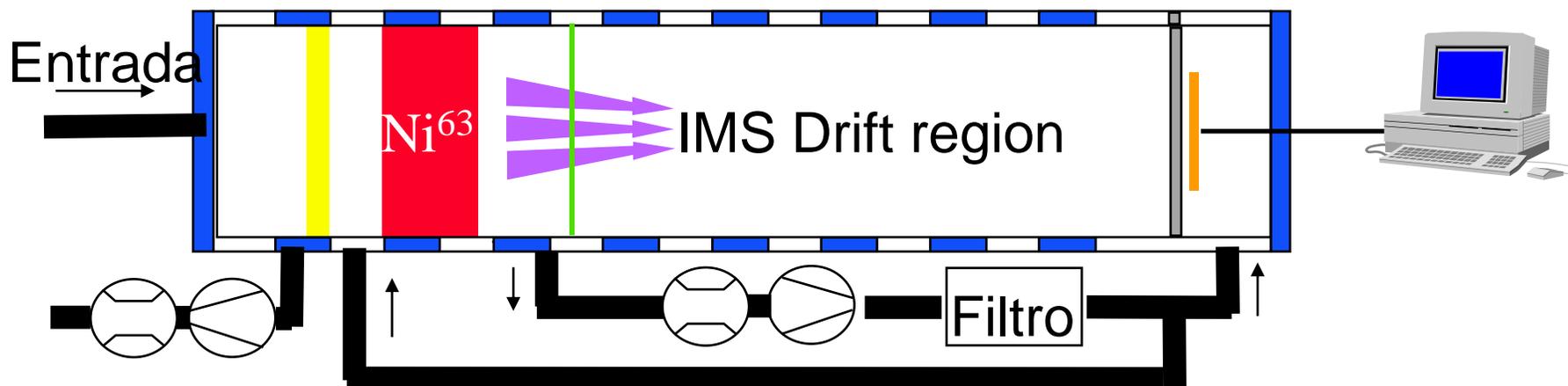
PID



MOS



## Espectrómetro de movilidad iónica (IMS)



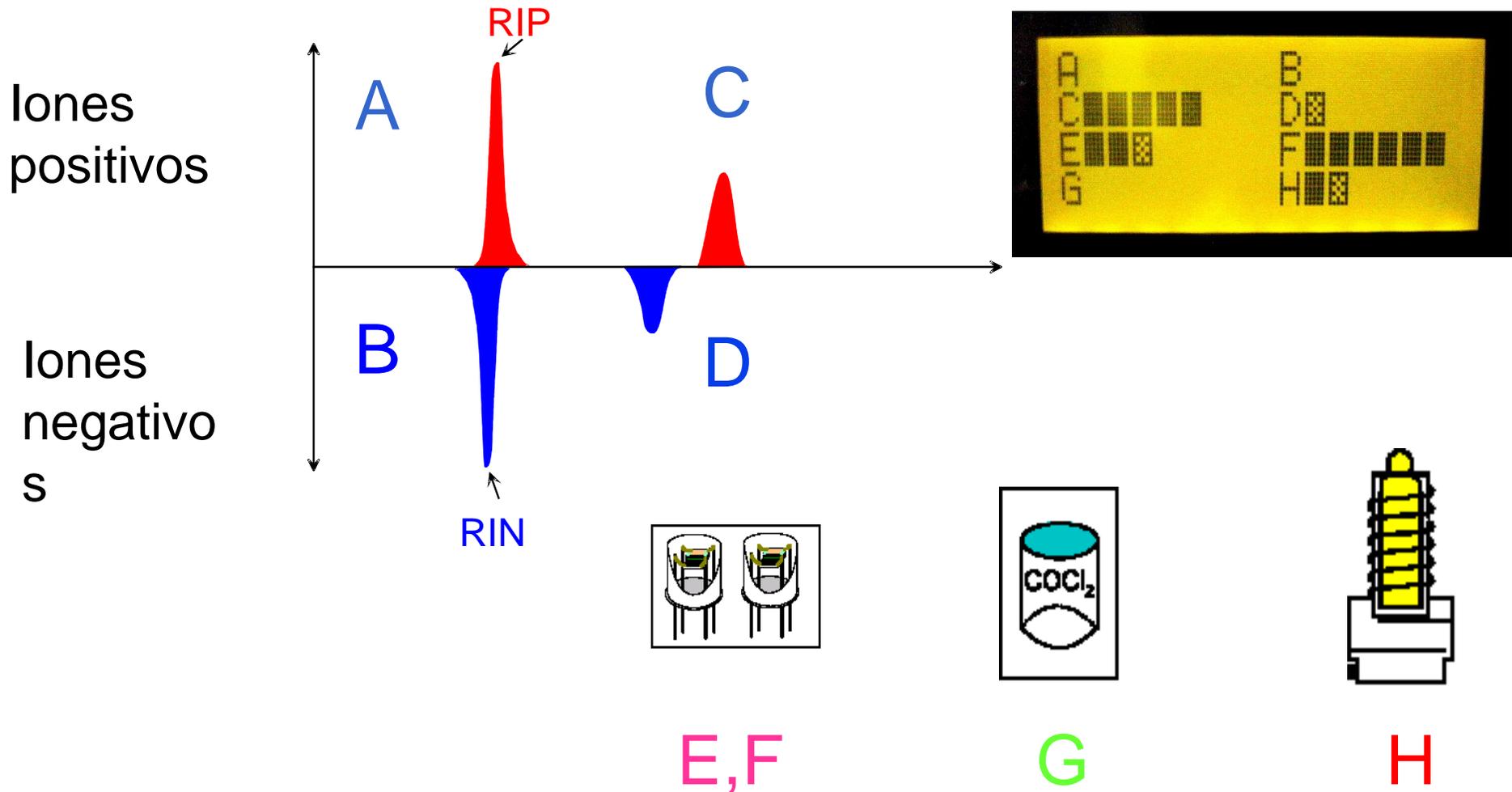
- + el mejor detector para agentes de guerra químicos
- + altamente sensible

- Señal no adecuada para TICs
- Sensible a saturaciones y contaminaciones

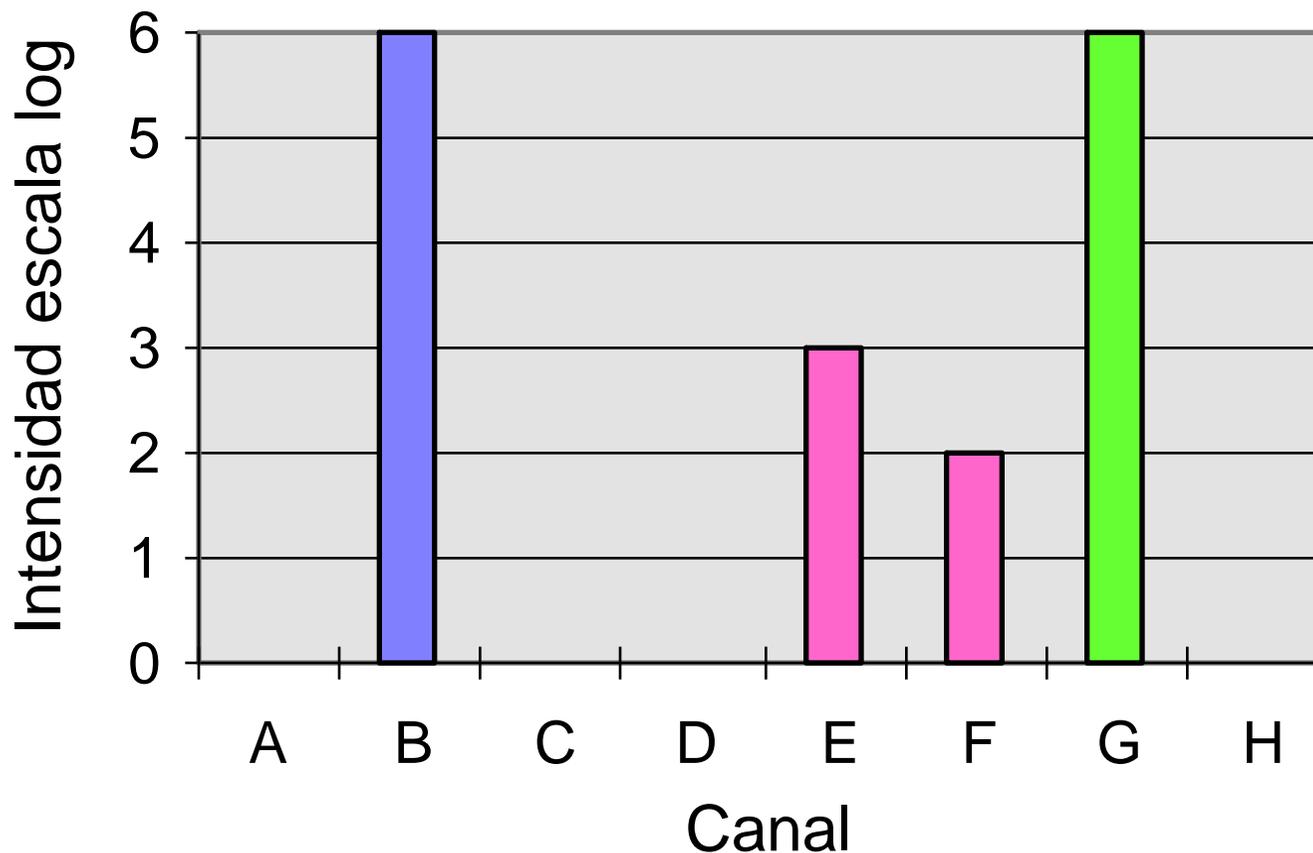


+ altamente selectivo

## GDA - 8 Canales



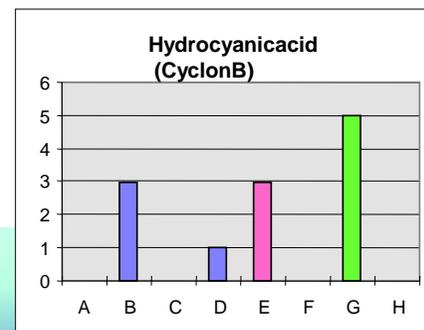
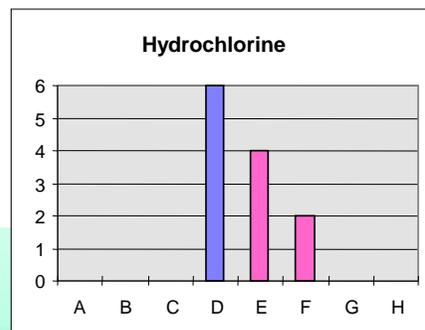
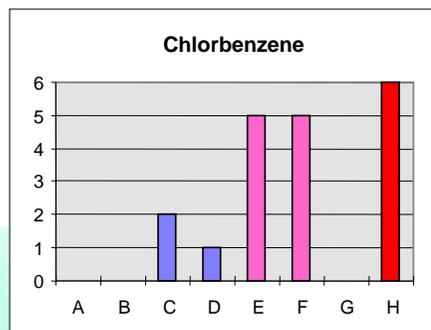
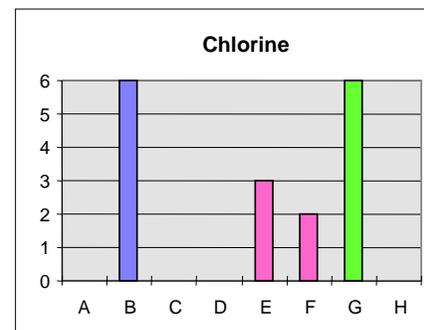
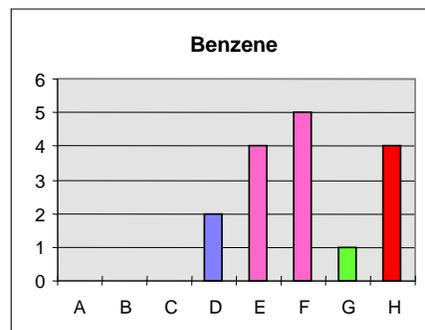
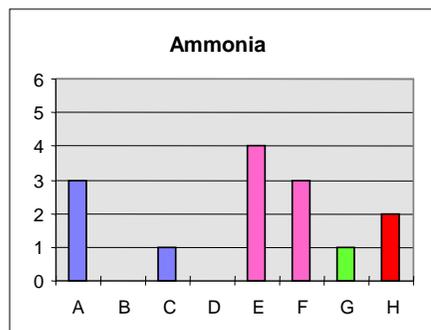
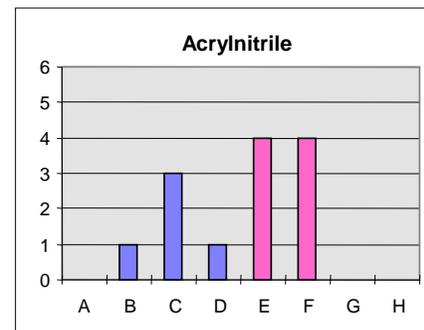
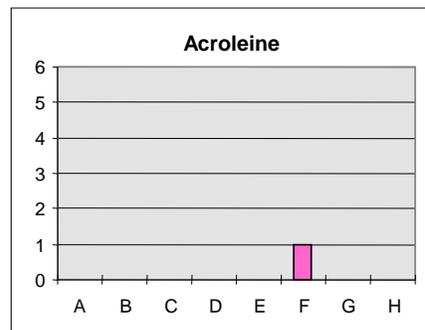
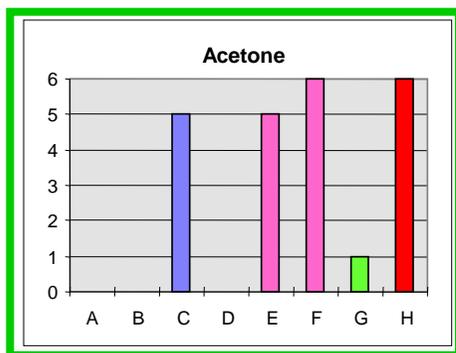
## Patrón de identificación



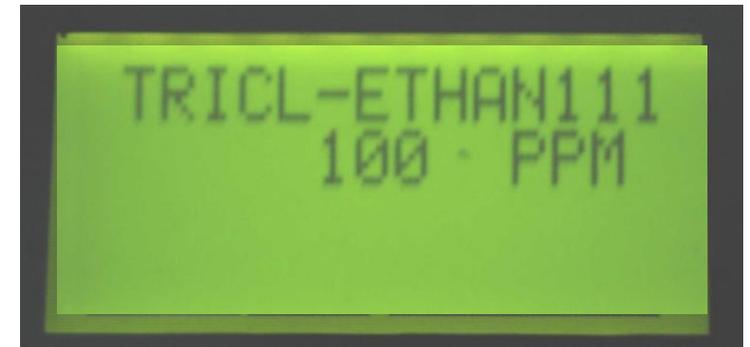
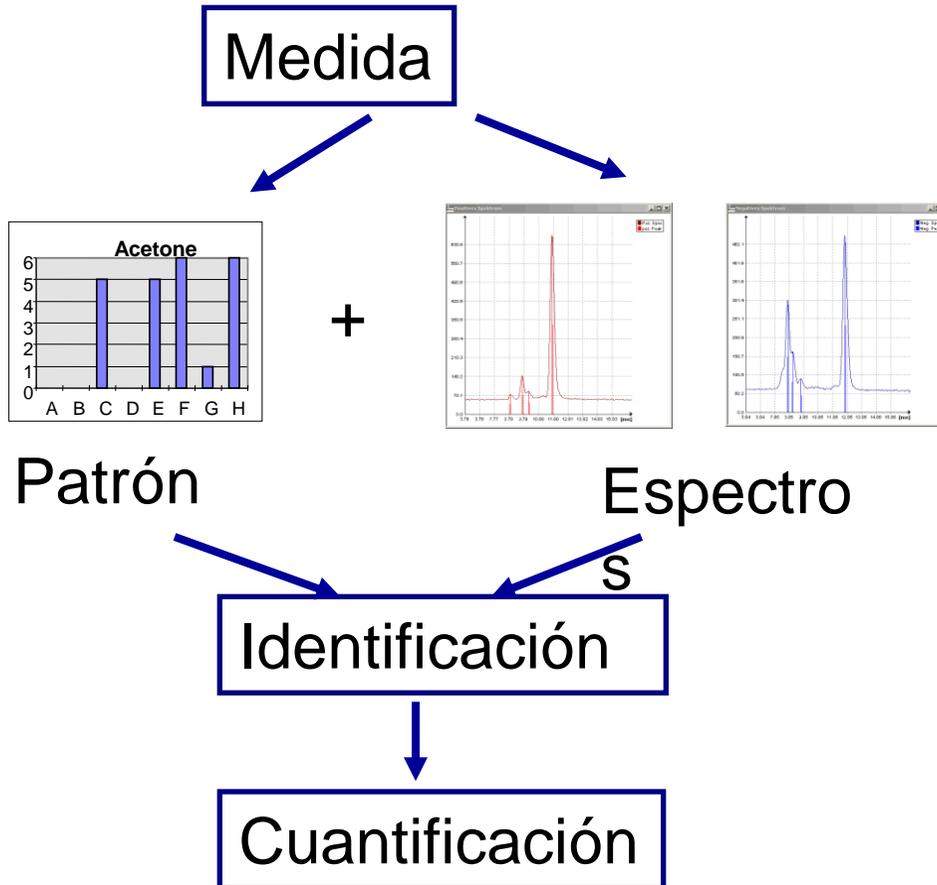
Channel
A: IMS before RIP pos.
B: IMS before RIP neg.
C: IMS after RIP pos.
D: IMS after RIP neg.
E: SC-Gas Sensor 1
F: SC-Gas Sensor 2
G: Electrochemical Cell
H: PID



# Patrón de identificación



## ID basada en librería

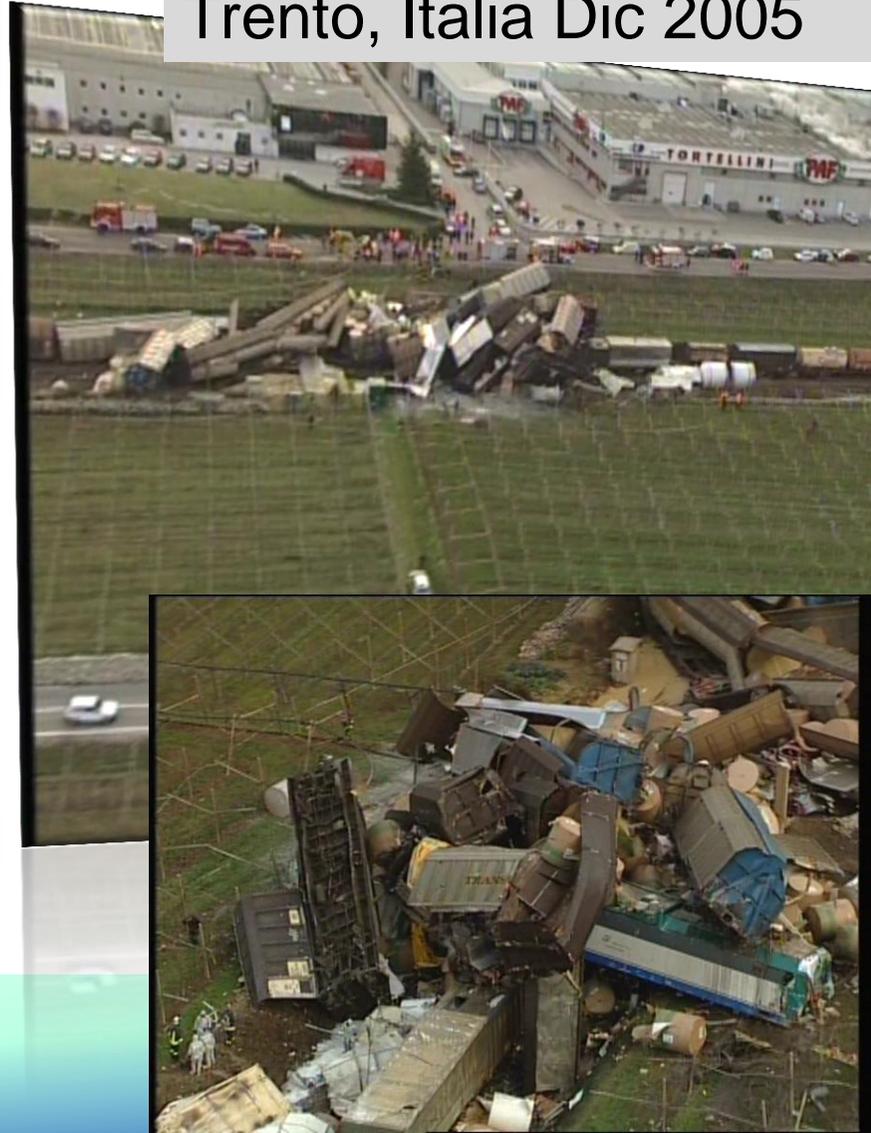


# Policía, Bomberos, Protección Civil

Trento, Italia Dic 2005



Laboratorio Policía Criminal LKA (Alemania)



FEB. 2010

# Policía, Bomberos, Protección Civil



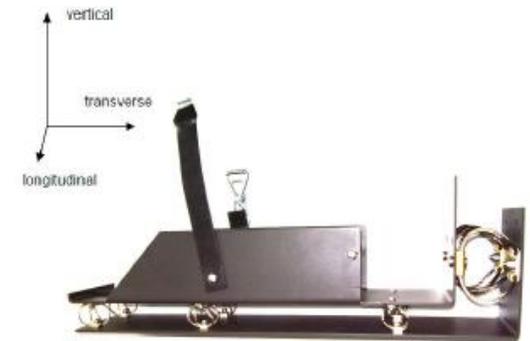
Planta de Biogás  
Rhadereistedt Nov 05

Liberación de  $H_2S$   
en alta concentración

GDA2 para identificación de  
riesgo químico y  
seguridad en la zona



## Soporte para transporte vehículo



MIL-Spec 810f  
aprovado





**BM.I** REPUBLIK ÖSTERREICH  
BUNDESMINISTERIUM FÜR INNERES  
UND VERKEHRSWESEN

**Herrn Hermann ZWANZINGER**  
ABTEILUNG I/5, Ref. I/5/5  
MINNENPLATZ 9  
A-1014 WIEN  
TEL +43-1-53128-3800  
FAX +43-1-53128-3122  
Hermann.Zwanzinger@bmi.gv.at

Objekt: 000051  
GZ:  
**Betreff:** Gas Detektor Array 2 (GDA 2)

Vienna, 24th May 2006

AIRSENSE Analytics GmbH

Dear Mr. SCHMIDT,

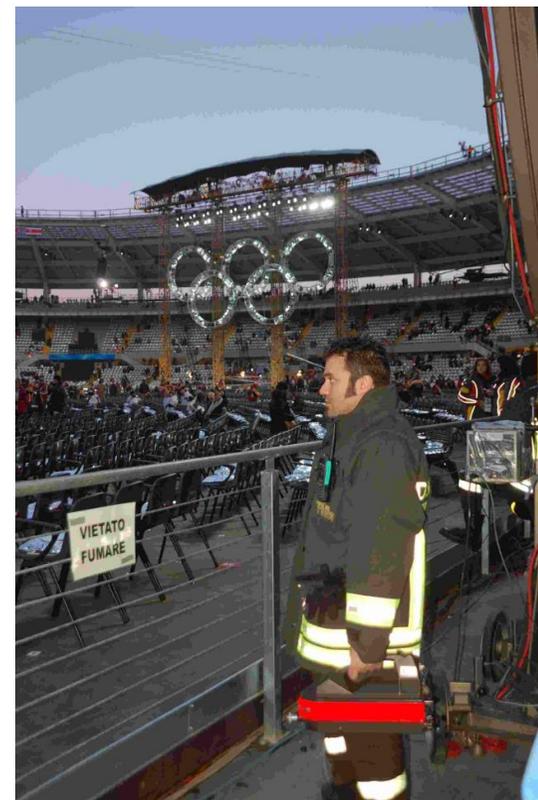
In answering your request I can confirm that the Austrian Ministry of the Interior is using 2 Gas Detector Array 2 (GDA2) for approx. 4 months. The reason for this purchase from the company AIRSENSE Analytics GmbH was the requirement to provide security for venues and attendees as best as possible, especially during the EU presidency in Austria. Using this technology it should be possible to detect a lot of dangerous hazardous compounds very quickly.

If there is any interest from public agencies how GDA2 works in police practice, I can offer to contact Mr. TIMAL, e-mail: [guenter.timal@bmi.gv.at](mailto:guenter.timal@bmi.gv.at), from the department II/5.

Yours sincerely,

Hermann ZWANZINGER, Col.

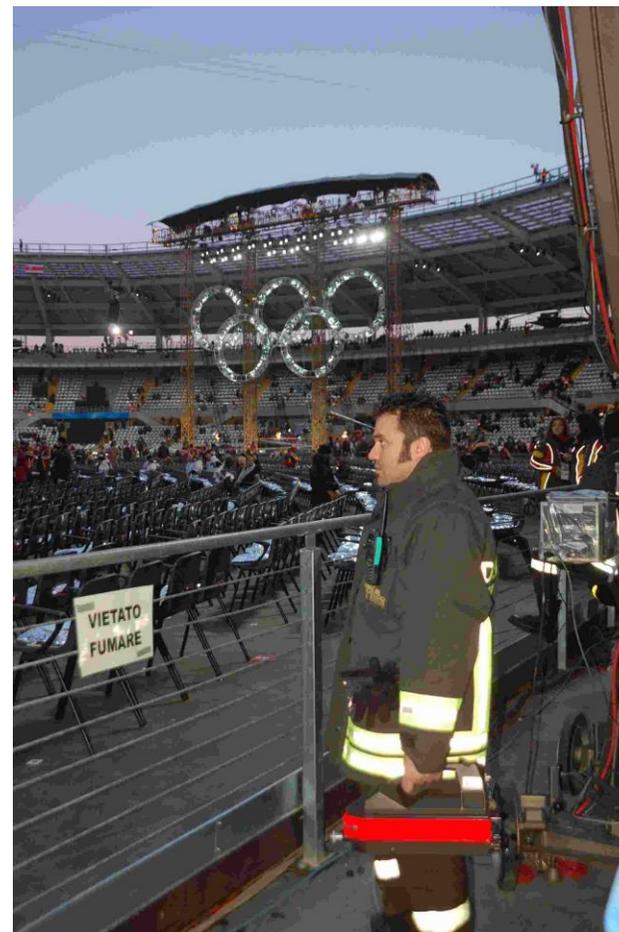
BM I BUNDESMINISTERIUM FÜR INNERES UND VERKEHRSWESEN



## Alta Tecnología Analítica

### Seguridad eventos públicos y Riesgo Químico

- **First Responders** – C-Task Force, Vienna, Torino, Roma, Airport Frankfurt  
**Industrial Safety Teams**, Bosch, BASF, Clariant  
**Military Forces**, APG (USA), TNO (NL), Lab Spiez (CH), Munster (GER)  
**Civil Defense**: Minister of Interior Austria, Minister of Interior Italy, DHS (USA), France Le Raid, **European Football Championships**
- **Equipo validado por muchos laboratorios y usuarios**





BASF, Ludwigshafen

Referencias:

Bosch

Siegfried

Hoffmann La Roche

Infraserv / Hoechst

Clariant

Report on experience with the Airsense "Gas Detector Array GDA 2"

Task

Procurement of a measuring instrument capable of determining any hazardous chemical substances in the air quickly.





Hydrogene Cyanide  
Phosphine  
Methyl Bromide  
Chloropicrine  
Trichloro nitro methane  
Ethylene Oxide  
Formaldehyde  
1,2-Dichloro ethane  
Carbon Disulfide  
Benzene  
Sulfuryl Fluoride

...

Hauptzollamt Hamburg – Hafen  
– Der Vorsteher –

cz P 1119 B - A 9  
(bei Notfällen anzugeben)

BEARBEITET VON ZOI Riemann  
TEL (040) 7 80 85 - 174 oder -0

E-MAIL hoiger.riemann@hzahh-hafen.bfiv.de  
DATUM 29. Februar 2008

AIRSENSE Analytics GmbH  
Attn: Mr. Mario Schmidt

Report about the results by using a GDA II  
Protection for Customs Authorities against harmful components in containers  
Attachments: Table shows performed measurements in different containers

Dear Mr. Schmidt,

After testing a GDA II for 1<sup>st</sup> year at the Customs in Hamburg Waltershof a new GDA II system was bought in January 2008. The GDA II is used to provide safety for the customs authorities against harmful components in containers before entering them. Until February 26<sup>th</sup> 2008 150 containers have been measured before entered by the customs authorities. Measurements are performed from outside the container by using a sampling tube made from steel which is connected to the GDA II gas inlet and entered between the container doors. The instrument displays the results which can be noticed by the customs officer immediately. In case of a response exceeding a threshold on channel V of the GDA II, contain



## Comparación con GC/MS

Compuesto	m/z
Metanol CH <sub>3</sub> OH	32
Amoniaco NH <sub>3</sub>	18
H <sub>2</sub> S	34
HCN	28
HCl	36



Scans de GC/MS estándar  
empezando a m/z 45

Una columna de GC para todos  
los compuestos no es suficiente



Antena inalámbrica

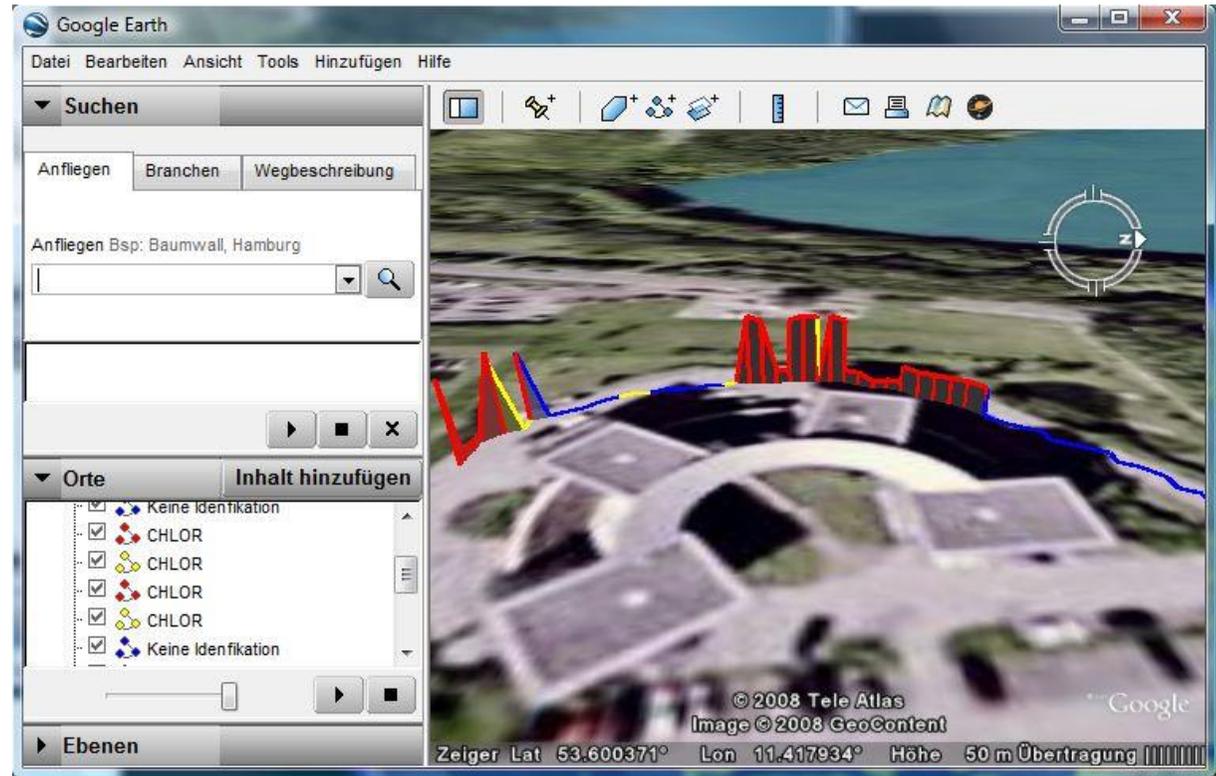
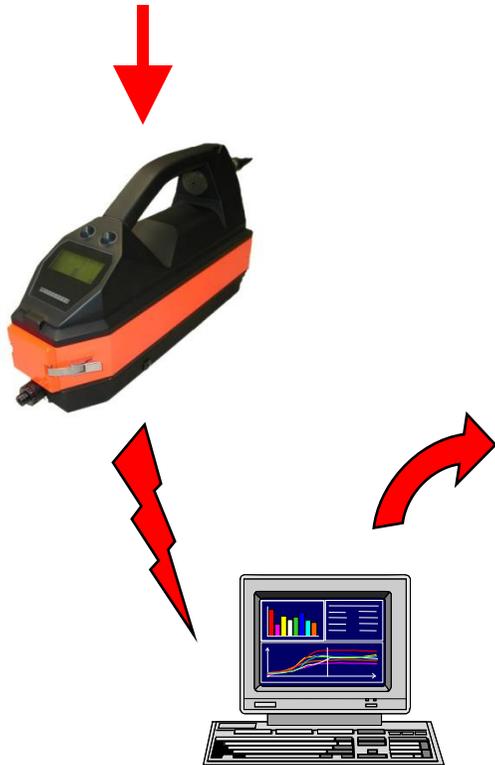
Antena GPS



Tarjeta SD para  
rápida transferencia  
de resultados



## Satellite



## GDA2 – Fácil mantenimiento



Cambio de filtros



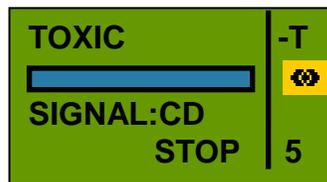
Estación de limpieza



Dispositivo de verificación



### Usuario Nivel 1



1. Puesta en marcha
2. Verificación sensores
3. Monitoreo de aire

### Usuario Nivel 2

Contraseña



4. Identificación de fuentes
5. Análisis de superficies
6. Cuantificación
7. Autocalibración
8. Software & Almacenamiento

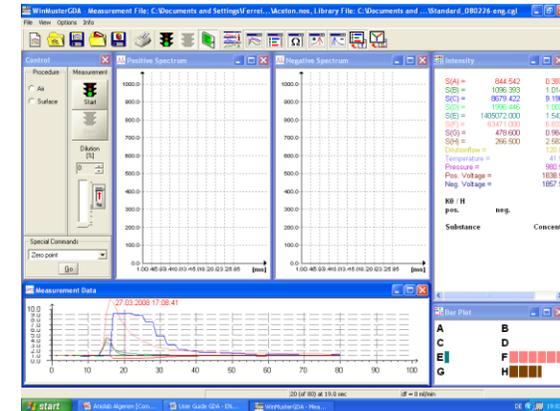
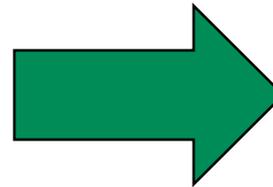
### Usuario Nivel 3

9. Ajuste de parámetros
10. Gestión librería





# GDA-S Estacionario Vigilancia de edificios



Análisis en continuo: 24 / 7  
En tiempo real  
Calibración automática  
Autonomía



## Resumen

- **Amplio rango de detección**  
Alta seguridad, agentes de guerra
- **Tiempo de análisis**  
respuesta en 3 segundos; ID en 8 seg.
- **Alarma e Identificación**
- **Rango dinámico**  
Desde ppb hasta ppm
- **Disponibilidad**  
Auto protección frente a saturaciones, Autolimpeza,  
Estación de limpieza, Soporte para montaje en vehículo
- **Sistema abierto de Librería**  
adaptable a diferentes legislaciones
- **Facilidad de uso**  
Niveles de usuario
- **Data Logger, Wireless, GPS**



# Gracias por su atención



## Más información:

## Pruebas en DHS

GDA2 para LACIS Testing Phase II  
(llevado a cabo en Battelle)

Usado como referencia COTS

AirSense	Hydrogen Cyanide (AC)	Ammonia (NH3)	Sulfur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	Cyanogen Chloride (CK)	Phosgene (CG)	Arsine (SA)	Ethylene Oxide (EtO)	Acrolein	Hydrogen Chloride (HCl)	Chlorine (Cl <sub>2</sub> )
LOD RT 30%RH	5-AC, 5-FORM	5-NH3	5-SO2	5-CK, 5-AC	5-CG, 5-CL2	5-SA	5-CL2	5-Acrolein	5-HCL	5-CL2, 5-CG
IDLH RT 30%RH	4-AC, 2-CK, 1-NR	5-NH3	5-SO2	3-CK, 3-AC, 2-NR	4-CG, 4-CL2	5-SA	5-ETO	NR (Unit 31030) / NR (Unit 31022) / AFTER DEVELOPER CHANGE - 5-Acrolein, 2-EP	5-HCL	5-CL2, 5-CG
IDLH RT 75%RH	1-AC, 1-Acrolein, 1-CK, 3-NR	5-NH3	5-SO2	5-CK, 5-AC, 2-CG	5-CG, 5-CL2	5-SA	Unknown HC	NR		2-CL2, 2-CG, 3-NR
IDLH CT (10C) 30%RH	1-AC, 1-CK, 1-NH3, 3-NR	5-NH3	5-SO2	5-CK, 1-AC, 4-CG	5-CG, 5-CL2, 4-FORM	5-SA	Cleaning Mode	NR	5-HCL	4-CL2, 4-CG, 1-NR
IDLH HT (38C) 30%RH	5-AC	5-NH3	4-SO2, 1-NR	5-CK, 5-CG	5-CG, 5-CL2	5-SA	Unknown HC	3-Unknown HC, 2-NR	5-HCL	5-CL2, 5-CG
IDLH RT 30%RH Diesel Exhaust 0.1%	5-AC, 2-CK	5-NH3	5-SO2	5-CK, 2-AC, 3-CG	5-CG, 5-CL2	5-SA	5-ETO	5-Acrolein	5-HCL	5-CL2, 5-CG
IDLH RT 30%RH Diesel Exhaust 1%	5-AC, 3-CK, 2-FORM	4-NH3, 1-NR	5-SO2	5-CK, 5-CG	5-CG, 5-CL2	5-SA	5-ETO	5-Acrolein	5-HCL	5-CL2, 5-CG

