

Application Note No. 084

# In-Liner Derivatisation and LVI-GC-MS of THC in Human Hair

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#### Introduction

Recently, the analysis of drugs of abuse in human hair has received much attention, primarily as it allows for the determination of long-term trends in drug usage. The analysis of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), the active ingredient of cannabis, and one of its human metabolites 11-nor-delta-9-THC-COOH (THC-COOH) in human hair currently requires solvent extraction of a quantity of hair, concentration of the extract by SPE, derivatisation with BSTFA followed by GC/MS analysis. Using large volume injection with in-liner derivatisation reduces sample preparation and lowers the detection limits.

## Procedure

- 1. Inject  $125 \ \mu L$  of sample extract in ethyl acetate
- 2. Vent solvent at initial temperature and purge pressure
- 3. Inject 2  $\mu L$  of BSTFA under static flow conditions
- 4. Heat injector to final temperature for derivatisation
- 5. Apply pressure to transfer derivatised sample from the injector onto the column in splitless mode
- 6. Analyse components with pressure ramp and open split line

### Instrumentation & Conditions

- ATAS Optic 2-200 programmable injector
- Agilent 6890 with 5973 MSD

#### **Optic Conditions:**



Split: Equilibration time	50 mL/min 2: 0:30 m:s 25
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Initial temperatur	
Ramp rate:	2 °C/s
Final temperature	: 330 °C
Vent time:	1.5 mins
Splitless time: Pu	rge 3.5 mins
pressure: Derivati	sation 7 psi
pressure: Derivati	sation 0 psi
time: Transfer pre	ssure: 1.5 mins
Transfer time: Ini	tial 15 psi
pressure: Final pr	
	5 psi
GC conditions:	25 psi
Column: SGE BP	
Initial Temperatu	
Time:	0.32 mm i.d. x 0.25 um film
Ramp Rate:	80 °C
Final Temperatur	
	10 °C/min
	260 °C (5 mins)
MSD conditions	
Mode:	SIM
Ions: THC:	371, 386, 303
THC-C	соон: 371, 473, 488

The in-liner derivatisation of THC and its metabolites is possible when using the Optic 2 programmable injector in expert mode. A programmable autosampler is necessary to enable the multiple injection of firstly sample extract and then derivatisation agent.

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