

Application Note No. 120

## Analysis of Aroma Compounds in Cheese

Key Words:

Cheese TD LINEX MonoTrap

Shimadzu

ATAS GL International B.V. De sleutel 9, 5652AS Eindhoven, The Netherlands Tel. +31 (0)40 254 95 31 Fax. +31 (0)40 254 97 79 E-mail: info@atasgl.com Internet: www.atasgl.com



Application Data Sheet

## GC-MS

Gas Chromatograph Mass Spectrometer

# No.62

# Analysis of Aroma Compounds in Cheese

Volatile compounds, including aroma compounds, in Parmesan and Blue cheese were analyzed using adsorption and thermal desorption GC/MS (TD-GC/MS). MonoTrap was used as adsorbant. It is a state-of-theart silica monolithic and hybrid adsorbent having a large surface area and properties based on silica, activated carbon (graphite carbon for Mono Trap TD) and the octadecyl functional group. GC-MS equipped with the OPTIC-4 multi-purpose injector was used for thermal desorption. The OPTIC-4 allows direct introduction of desorbed gas into a capillary column without re-adsorption.

### Experimental

#### Sample Preparation

MonoTrap RGC18 TD is conditioned and packed into an ampoule (Fig. 1) before shipment and therefore showed an extremely low blank. It was used without conditioning. Ten grams of each cheese sample were weighed and placed into a vial (40mL). MonoTrap was placed over the sample in the vial using the MonoTrap holder. The vials were capped and agitated for 3 hours at 600 °C.

#### **TD-GC/MS Analysis**

MonoTrap RGC18 TD was removed and placed into the OPTIC-4 liner. Analytical conditions are shown in Table 1.

Fig. 2: OPTIC-4 (left) and GCMS-QP2010 Ultra equipped with OPTIC-4 and AOC-5000 Plus (right). Liner can be automatically exchanged using the AOC-5000 Plus.





Fig. 1: MonoTrap Packed into an Ampoule for TD (left) MonoTrap RGC18 TD (right)



#### Table 1: Analytical Conditions

Instruments Injection Unit GC-MS Auto-Sampler

:OPTIC-4 :GCMS-QP2010 Ultra :AOC-5000 Plus LINEX system :InertCap Pure-WAX (60m x 0.25 mm I.D. , df=0.25 µm (GL Sciences, Inc. )

Column

[OPTIC-4] Desorb Temp. Desorb Time Carrier Gas Column Flow Injection Mode Cryo Trapping Injection Temp.

Column Oven Temp.

[GC]

LINEX system InertCap Pure-WAX (60m x 0.25 mm I.D. , df=0.25 µm (GL :200 °C [MS]

:5 min :Helium :1.0 mL/min :Splitless :-150 °C :250 °C

[MS]	
Interface Temp.	:230 °C
Ion Source Temp.	:200 °C
Acquisition Mode	:Scan
Mass Range	: <i>m/z</i> 29-600

:40 °C (5 min)→(6 °C /min)→250 °C

## **Results and Discussion**

Fig. 3 and 4 show total ion current chromatograms of Parmesan and Blue cheese, respectively. The detected compounds were identified using a mass spectral library search. Sulfur compounds, such as dimethyl disulfide and dimethyl sulfone, were extracted and detected. It is known to be difficult to detect sulfur compounds using conventional TD system.



Methanethiol, 2. Ethyl Acetate, 3. 2-Butanone, 4. 2-methylbutanal, 5. 3-methylbutanal, 6. 1-Propanol, 7. Toluene,
Dimethyl disulfide, 9. Hexanal, 10. 2-Pentenal, 11. 3-Penten-2-one 12. 2-Heptanone, 13. D-Limonene, 14. Acetoin,
Acetol, 16. Dimethylpyrazine, 17. Dimethylpyrazine, 18. Dimethylpyrazine, 19. 2-Nonanone, 20. 2,5-Dimethyl-3-ethylpyrazine,
Benzaldehyde, 22. Isobutyric acid, 23. 2-Undecanone, 24. Butanoic acid, 25. 2-Furanmethanol, 26. Acetamide,
27. 2-Tetradecanol, 28. 2-Tridecanone, 29. Hexanoic acid, 30. Dimethyl sulfone, 31. δ-Octalactone, 32. 2-Pentadecanone,
33. Octanoic acid, 34. δ-Decalactone, 35. Decanoic acid



Fig. 4: Total Ion Current Chromatogram of Blue Cheese

1. Acetaldehyde, 2. Butanal, 3. Ethyl Acetate, 4. Isovaleraldehyde, 5. 2-Pentanone, 6. Ethyl butyrate, 7. 2-Hexanone, 8. Isobutyl alcohol, 9. 2-Heptanone, 10. Methylhexanoate, 11. Ethylhexanoate, 12. 1-Pentanol, 13. 2-Heptanol, 14. 2-Nonanone,

15. Ethyloctanoate, 16. 2-Decanone, 17. 2-Nonanol, 18. Methyldecanoate, 19. 2-Undecanone, 20. Butanoic acid,

21. Ethyldecanoate, 22. 3-Methylbutanote, 23.  $\gamma$ -Caprolactone, 24. 2-Undecanol, 25. 2-Tridecanone, 26. Hexanoic acid,

27. 2-Pentadecanone, 28. Octanoic acid, 29. Decanoic acid, 30. Dodecanoic acid

#### Summary

Shimadzu Corporation

www.shimadzu.com/an/

Sulfur compounds in the cheese were easily and simply detected using MonoTrap and TD-GC/MS (OPTIC-4 and GC-MS).

This application data sheet was created in the corroboration with GL Sciences, Inc.

First Edition: June, 2012



#### For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

The content of this publication shall not be reproduced, altered or sold for any commercial purpose without the written approval of Shimadzu. The information contained herein is provided to you "as is" without warranty of any kind including without limitation warranties as to its accuracy or completeness. Shimadzu does not assume any responsibility or liability for any damage, whether direct or indirect, relating to the use of this publication. This publication is based upon the information available to Shimadzu on or before the date of publication, and subject to change without notice.