

# Software-assisted, high-throughput identification of main metabolites of pharmaceutical drugs

Rapid data acquisition by Agilent 1290 Infinity LC, TOF and Q-TOF instrumentation, and subsequent identification of metabolites by Agilent MassHunter Metabolite Identification software

# **Application Note**

Metabolite identification in drug discovery and drug development

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# Abstract

This Application Note describes:

- Rapid separation of metabolites generated from in-vitro experiments using the Agilent 1290 Infinity LC, system
- Fast acquisition of TOF mass spectra using Agilent 6530 Accurate-Mass Quadrupole Time-of-Flight LC/MS systems
- Fast, software-assisted identification of main metabolites from in-vitro experiments using Agilent MassHunter Metabolite Identification software
- Generation of reports for the identified metabolites using Agilent MassHunter software



# **Introduction**

In modern pharmaceutical drug development it is of crucial importance to analyze the adsorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion (ADME) properties of possible new drug candidates as quickly as possible in order to make decisions about further investments in the development of a special compound. To find compounds with the correct properties it is essential to screen a large number of compounds for their ADME properties, which requires to work in an high-throughput environment. This Application Note describes the application of the Agilent 1290 Infinity LC system, the Agilent 6530 Q-TOF MS system and the MassHunter Metabolite Identification software for fast, highthroughput identification of main metabolites of new pharmaceutical drug candidate compounds.

# **Experimental**

# Equipment

- Agilent 1290 Infinity LC system consisting of 1290 Infinity Binary Pump with integrated degasser, 1290 High Performance Autosampler with thermostat, and 1290 Infinity Thermostatted Column compartment
- Agilent 6530 Accurate-Mass Q-TOF LC/MS system
- Agilent MassHunter Metabolite Identification (MetID) software
- Column: ZORBAX SB-C18, 2.1 x 50 mm, 1.8 μm

# Sample preparation

The following stock solutions were used:

- 20 mg/mL microsomal S9 preparation
- 0.1 mg/mL buspirone in water
- 1.6 mg NADP in 1.6 mL 0.1 M phosphate buffer, pH 7.4

- 50 mM isocitrate/MgCl<sub>2</sub> (203 mg MgCl<sub>2</sub>.6H<sub>2</sub>O + 258.1 mg isocitrate in 20 mL H<sub>2</sub>O)
- Isocitrate dehydrogenase 0.33 unit/µL

NADPH regeneration system: 1.6 mL NADP solution + 1.6 mL Isocitrate solution + 100 µL IDH solution.

Incubation mixture: 3.85 µL substrate + 200 µL NADPH regeneration system + 746.15 µL phosphate buffer + 50 µL S9.

Incubation was carried out at 37 °C for 60 minutes. A 100  $\mu$ L aliquot was taken at the beginning (t=0) and at t=60 min. The reaction was stopped by adding 6  $\mu$ L perchloric acid and 100  $\mu$ L acetonitrile followed by centrifugation for 15 min at 14,000 rpm. The supernatant was evaporated to dryness using a SpeedVac concentrator and reconstituted with water containing 0.1 % formic acid for LC/MS analysis. The incubation sample stopped at 0 min was used as control.

### LC method

Solvent A:	Water + 0.1 % formic acid
Solvent B:	ACN + 0.1 % formic acid
Flow:	0.8 mL/min
Gradient	0 min, 5 %B; 0.10 min,
	5 %B; 1.10 min, 75 %B;
Stop time:	1.1.0 min
Post time:	1 min.
Injection:	Volume 5 µL, sample
	cooler at 4 °C, needle wash
	in 50 % methanol for 5 s,
	injection loop to bypass
	at 0.1 min with flush out
	factor 16
Column:	Temperature 60 °C

# **TOF MS** method

Source:	ESI positive
Capillary:	3500 V
Dry gas:	12 L/min
Nebulizer:	55 psi
Gas temp.:	350 °C

# Data analysis method in the MetID software

The first step in the analysis comprised a comparison between the data file that contained the metabolite compounds (metabolite sample) and the data file that contained only the parent drug (control sample). All detectable mass signals were extracted from the MS level data using the Molecular Feature Extraction (MFE) algorithm. Related compound isotope masses and adduct masses were grouped together into discrete molecular features, and chemical noise was removed. The compounds lists of the metabolized sample and the control were then compared.

All new compounds or those that increased twofold in the metabolized sample were considered potential metabolites and were subjected to further analysis by different algorithms. The algorithms can identify and qualify new metabolites, or just qualify metabolites found by another algorithm. In this high-throughput experiment all algorithms' results were weighted equally and combined into a final identification relevance score. Metabolites were qualified when their final score was above the stringently defined relevance threshold. The results from all algorithms were collated in a results table, which could be inspected at-a-glance and reported<sup>1</sup>.

# **Results and discussion**

To achieve fast separation of the metabolites on a 50 mm, 1.8 µm particle size column, a 1 minute gradient was applied by the Agilent 1290 Infinity LC system. The metabolites were generated from the pharmaceutical test compound buspirone in an in-vitro assay. For adequate detection with the time-of-flight mass spectrometer the instrument was operated at a data rate of 5 Hz.

After generation the data was loaded into the MetID software and analyzed using a common method. The result was displayed by the MetID software in an at-a-glance table, in which the result for each metabolite could be examined in more detail (figure 1). From the results table a summary report was generated, which showed the available information for each metabolite (figure 2). The more extensive report contained the detailed results for each metabolite. As example the result for a mono-hydroxyl metabolite (figures 3 to 5) and a dihydroxy metabolite (figures 6 to 8) of buspirone are discussed here.



#### Figure 1

Result table showing an at-a-glance summary of buspirone metabolite analysis with overall identified metabolites, extracted ion chromatograms (EIC), extracted compound chromatograms (ECC), isotopic pattern analysis and calculated formulas.

Name	Mass	RT	Rel.	Qual.	User	SC	IPM	EIC	MDF	Form.	BioXF
2x Hydroxylation	417.2379	0.59	100.00	$\checkmark$	1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1	$\checkmark$	1
Hydroxylation	401.2423	0.63	100.00	$\checkmark$	1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Hydroxylation	401.2424	0.66	100.00	$\checkmark$	1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
2x Hydroxylation	417.2388	0.72	100.00	$\checkmark$							
Hydroxylation	401.2439	0.75	100.00	$\checkmark$	1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Hydroxylation	401.2430	0.79	100.00	$\checkmark$							
Buspirone	385.2478	0.82	_		_	_	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_
Hydroxylation	401.2429	0.84	75.00	×	1	×	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1

#### Figure 2

Summary result report, including qualified metabolites sorted by their retention times (RT), with their metabolite names and relative score, molecular mass and the passed flag for individual algorithm results. SC=Sample-control comparison, IPM = Isotopic Pattern Matching, EIC = Extracted Ion Chromatogram, MDF = Mass Defect Filter, Form. = Calculated Formula, BioXF = Assigned Biotransformation, Qual. = Qualified by Score, User = Qualified by User.

The extensive report for the monohydroxyl metabolite, which eluted after 0.75 minutes at m/z 402.2511, showed the detailed information about the metabolite itself such as measured accurate mass, calculated formula, assigned biotransformation and ion species. Further, the report showed more detailed information about the result of each individual algorithm, for example, Molecular Feature Extraction (MFE), Extracted Ion Chromatogram (EIC) compound search and Mass Defect Filter Result (figure 3). For the hydroxyl metabolite the possible formula was calculated based not only on a defined mass error window but also on the measured isotopic pattern, which increased the quality of the calculated formula and limited the possible number of hits significantly. These results were also displayed in the detailed metabolite result report for the formula (figure 4).

	te Information droxylation		XF Name	Hydro:	xylation				
Formula C21	LH31N5O3	Ma	ss	401.24	439				
<b>m/z</b> 402	2.2511	Spe	ecies	(M+H)	)+				
RT 0.7	54	Sar	nple Type	e Metab	oliteSample				
MFE Com	pound Search								
lass	m/z	Spe	ecies	RT	Start Time	End Time	Volume	Height	
101.2439	402.2511	(M-	-H)+	0.754	0.739	0.774	192448	187344	
EIC Comp	ound Search								
Mass	m/z	Spe	ecies	RT	Start Time	End Time	Area	Area %	
01.2427	402.2500	(M-	-H)+	0.755	0.739	0.774	149323	100.00	
Sample C	omparison Re	sults		PT N	formalized Heig	bt			
Sample C Qualified ☑		<u>sults</u> Resp. R	atio Cor	rr. RT N	lormalized Heig	ht			
Sample C Qualified ☑	omparison Re Changed New Pattern Match	<u>sults</u> Resp. R	atio Cor	rr. RT N	lormalized Heig	ht			
Sample C Qualified Ø Isotopic I	omparison Re Changed New Pattern Match	Resp. R	atio Cor	rr. RT N	lormalized Heig	ht			
Gample C Qualified ☑ ( <u>sotopic l</u> Qualified ☑	omparison Re Changed New Pattern Match Score	<u>sults</u> Resp. R <u>ina Resu</u> Delta m 0.00	atio Cor	rr. RT N	lormalized Heig	ht			
Qualified Ø Sotopic I Qualified Ø Mass Defi Qualified	Changed New Pattern Match Score 95.91 ect Filter Resu Delta Mass [mD	<u>sults</u> Resp. R ina Resu Delta m 0.00 ilts	atio Cor	rr. RT N	lormalized Heig	ht			
Qualified Ø Sotopic I Qualified Ø Mass Defi Qualified Ø	Changed New Pattern Match 95.91 ect Filter Resu Delta Mass [mD -3.91	<u>sults</u> Resp. R ina Resu Delta m 0.00 ilts	atio Cor	rr. RT N	Normalized Heig	ht			
Qualified Ø Sotopic I Qualified Ø Mass Defi Qualified Ø	Changed New Pattern Match 95.91 ect Filter Resu Delta Mass [mD -3.91	<u>sults</u> Resp. R ina Resu Delta m 0.00 ilts	atio Cor	rr. RT N	lormalized Heig	ht			
Qualified Ø Sotopic I Qualified Ø Mass Defi Qualified Ø	Changed New Pattern Match Score 95.91 Cett Filter Resu Delta Mass [mC -3.91 Results Neutral Formula	<u>sults</u> Resp. R <u>ina Resu</u> Delta m 0.00 <u>ults</u> Da]	atio Cor		iormalized Heig Mass [mDa]		Aass [ppm]	Calco	ulation Base
Sample C Qualified Zotopic I Qualified Zoualified Qualified Zouali	Changed New Pattern Match Score 95.91 ect Filter Result Delta Mass [mC -3.91 Results Neutral Formula C21H31NSO3	<u>sults</u> Resp. R Delta m 0.00 <u>vlts</u> ba]	atio Cor <u>/Its</u> //z	ass Delta			4ass [ppm]	eare	
Sample C Qualified Sotopic I Qualified Mass Defu Qualified Sormula I Assigned	Changed New Pattern Match Score 95.91 Cett Filter Resu Delta Mass [mC -3.91 Results Neutral Formula	<u>sults</u> Resp. R Delta m 0.00 <u>vlts</u> ba]	atio Cor // <u>Its</u> //z Calc. M:	ass Delta		Delta M	fass [ppm]	eare	
Sample C Qualified S Isotopic I Qualified Mass Defi Qualified S Formula I Assigned	Changed New Pattern Match Score 95.91 ect Filter Resu Polta Mass (mC -3.91 Results Neutral Formul (21H31N503 ormation Resu	<u>sults</u> Resp. R Delta m 0.00 <u>vlts</u> ba]	atio Cor // <u>Its</u> //z Calc. M:	<b>ass Delta</b> 7 -1.17		<b>Delta</b> 1 -2.92	Mass [ppm] Delta Mass	MfeCo	ulation Base ompoundMsSpectrum Calc. Mass

#### Figure 3

Detailed metabolite report for the buspirone hydroxy metabolite at retention time 0.75 min. This part of the report gives detailed information about the identified metabolite and the identifying algorithms. Other detailed information about formula (figure 4), chromatograms and isotopic pattern (figure 5) are also available.

Name Hydrox Formula C21H3 n/z 402.25 Formula Sun	1N5O3 11	2	BioXF Name Mass RT	Hydroxy 401.243 0.754					
Selected	Score	Formula	Ion	Formula	a	Mass	Calc. Ma	ass	⊿ Mass [ppn
TRUE	100.0	C21H31N5O3	C21	H32N5O3		401.2439	401.24	127	-2.9
Species (M+H)+ Formula Rest	ults	<b>m/z</b> 402.2511							
Ion Formula		Score	Mas	s ⊿M	lass [mDa]	⊿ Mass [p	pm] D	DBE	
C21H32N5O3		100.0	401.2439	)	-1.17	-	2.92	9	
Isotopic Peak									
Abund	%	Calc Abund%		m/z	Calc m/		z [ppm]		
	.00	100.00		.2511	402.250		-2.91		
	02	25.02	403	.2535	403.252	99	-1.35		
21	.03	25.02		.2000	1001202		1.00		

#### Figure 4

Detailed metabolite report about the formula including isotopic pattern, calculated for the buspirone hydroxy metabolite at retention time 0.75 min.



Figure 5

Detailed metabolite report for buspirone hydroxy metabolite at retention time 0.75 min:

A) Extracted Ion Chromatograms (EIC) of compounds with mass 402.25

B) Extracted Compound Chromatogram (ECC) of buspirone hydroxy metabolite at retention time 0.75 min

C) Measured isotopic pattern of buspirone hydroxy metabolite at retention time 0.75 min (blue lines) and caclulated isotopic pattern (CIP, green box).

Finally, the EIC, ECC and isotopic pattern were displayed (figure 5). The EIC of m/z 402.25 showed 5 peaks for possible hydroxyl metabolites of buspirone with the selected one at retention time 0.75 minutes (figure 5A). The ECC showed the extracted MFE compound for the molecular mass of 401.2439 at retention time 0.75 minutes identical to the EIC (figure 5B). The measured isotopic pattern of this compound showed an excellent fit to the calculated isotopic pattern as a basis for the formula calculation (figure 5C).

Within the same data analysis the dihydroxy metabolites at a level of two orders of magnitude below the monohydroxy metabolites were also identified. The extensive report showed detailed information about the dihydroxy metabolite, which elutes after 0.71 minutes at m/z 418.2461 and the detailed information about each algorithm (figure 6).

Name	2x Hydroxylation	BioXF Na	ime 2x	Hydroxylation				
Formula	C21H31N5O4	Mass	41	7.2388				
m/z	418.2461	Species	(M	I+H)+				
RT	0.716	Sample 1	Type Me	etaboliteSample				
MFE Co	mpound Search							
Mass	m/z	Species	RT	Start Time	End Time	Volume	Height	
417.2388	418.2461	(M+H)+	0.716	0.700	0.726	3865	3889	
EIC Cor	npound Search							
Mass	m/z	Species	RT	Start Time	End Time	Area	Area %	
417.2376	418.2449	(M+H)+	0.713	0.703	0.739	3483	100.00	
Sample Qualifie ☑ Isotopic	New Pattern Matching	Resp. Ratio	Corr. RT	Normalized Heig	ght			
Sample Qualifie V Isotopic Qualifie V	od Changed New Pattern Matching od Score 91.50	Resp. Ratio <u>Results</u> Delta m/z 0.00	Corr. RT	Normalized Heig	ght			
Sample Qualific Isotopic Qualific Mass Do	od Changed New Pattern Matching ed Score 91.50 Sfect Filter Results	Resp. Ratio <u>Results</u> Delta m/z 0.00	Corr. RT	Normalized Heig	ght			
Sample Qualific Zatopic Qualific Mass Da Qualific	ed Changed New Pattern Matching ed Score 91.50 efect Filter Results ed Deita Mass (mDa	Resp. Ratio <u>Results</u> Delta m/z 0.00	Corr. RT	Normalized Hei	ght			
Sample Qualifie Isotopic Qualifie Ø Mass Di Qualifie V	od Changed New Pattern Matching ed Score 91.50 Sfect Filter Results	Resp. Ratio <u>Results</u> Delta m/z 0.00	Corr. RT	Normalized Heiş	ght			
Sample Qualifie Isotopic Qualifie Ø Mass Di Qualifie V	New New Pattern Matching of Score 91.50 sfect Filter Results d Delta Mass [mDa -8.97 <u>Results</u>	Resp. Ratio <u>Results</u> Delta m/z 0.00 <u>5</u> 3]		Normalized Heiq bita Mass [mDa]	-	Mass [ppm]	Calculat	ion Base
Sample Qualific Isotopic Qualific Mass Do Qualific Formula	New New Pattern Matching of Score 91.50 sfect Filter Results d Delta Mass [mDa -8.97 <u>Results</u>	Resp. Ratio <u>Results</u> Delta m/z 0.00 <u>5</u> 3]	. Mass De	- Ita Mass (mDa)	-	Mass [ppm]		
Sample Qualific Isotopic Qualific Mass Du Qualific Formula Assigne ∑	A Changed New Pattern Matching of Score 91:50 sfect Filter Results Results A Neutral Formula	Resp. Ratio <u>I Results</u> Delta m/z 0.00 <u>3</u> <u>3</u> Calc. 417.2	. Mass De	- Ita Mass (mDa)	Delta I	Mass [ppm]		ion Base poundMsSpectrum
Sample Qualific Isotopic Qualific Mass Du Qualific Formula Assigne ∑	ed Changed New Pattern Matching Pattern Matching 91:50 efect Filter Results ed Delta Mass [mDa -8:97 Results ed Neutral Formula C21H31N504 formation Result	Resp. Ratio <u>I Results</u> Delta m/z 0.00 S J Calc. 417.2	. Mass De	- Ita Mass (mDa)	<b>Delta</b> -2.87	Mass [ppm] Deita Mass	MfeCom	

#### Figure 6

Detailed metabolite report for dihydroxy metabolite of buspirone at retention time 0.71 min. This part of the report gives detailed information about the identified metabolite and the identifying algorithms. Other detailed information about formula (see figure 7), chromatograms and isotopic pattern (see figure 8) are also available. The calculation of the formula was outlined in the detailed formula report (figure 7).

The EIC of m/z 418.24 showed about five significant peaks for possible dihydroxylated metabolites of buspirone with the selected peak at 0.71 minutes (figure 7A). The ECC showed the extracted MFE compound for the molecular mass of 417.2388 at retention time 0.71 identical to the EIC (figure 7B). The measured and calculated isotopic pattern of this compound is shown in figure 7C.

ume 2x Hv	droxylation		BioXE	Name	y Hydr	orvlatio	n							
rmula C21H	-		Mass		17.238									
z 418.2 ormula Su			RT		0.716									
Selected	Score F	ormula		lon	ormul	a		Mass	c	alc. Mas	s	∆ Mass	[ppm]	
TRUE	100.0 C	21H31N5O4		C21H	32N5O4	4		417.2388		417.237	6		-2.87	
Formula (M) C21H31N5O4		Selecte TRUE	d											
Formula (M)			-											
Formula (M) C21H31N5O4 Species (M+H)+	esults	TRUE m/z	1	Mas	; Д	Mass	[mDa]	∆ Mass	[ppi	m] [	BE			
Formula (M) C21H31N5O4 Species (M+H)+ Formula Re	esults	TRUE m / z 418.246 Scor 100.	i1 e	<b>Mas</b> 417.238		Mass	<b>[mDa]</b> -1.20	∆ Mass	[ppi -2.	•	9 <b>BE</b>			
Formula (M) C21H31N5O4 Species (M+H)+ Formula Re lon Formula C21H32N5O4 Isotopic Pe Abur	esults eak Inform nd %	TRUE m / z 418.246 Scor 100. nation Calc Abund?	1 e 0	417.238	m/z	Mass	-1.20 Calc m	n/z ∆	-2.	87 [ppm]				
Formula (M) C21H31N5O4 Species (M+H)+ Formula Re Ion Formula C21H32N5O4 Isotopic Pe Abur	esults eak Inforr	TRUE m / z 418.246 Scor 100. nation	1 e 0	417.238	3	Mass	-1.20	n/z ∆	-2.	87				

#### Figure 7

Detailed metabolite report about the formula, including isotopic pattern, calculated for dihydroxy metabolite of buspirone at retention time 0.71 min.



#### Figure 8

Detailed metabolite report for dihydroxy metabolite buspirone at retention time 0.71 min:

A) Extracted Ion Chromatograms (EIC) of compounds with mass 418.24

B) Extracted Compound Chromatogram (ECC) of dihydroxy metabolite of buspirone at retention time 0.71 min

C) Measured and calculated isotopic pattern of dihydroxy buspirone metabolite at retention time 0.71 min.

# **Conclusion**

This Application Note demonstrated the use of the Agilent 1290 Infinity LC system with an Agilent Q-TOF LC/MS system for fast separation and accurate mass measurement of compounds in an in-vitro metabolite sample under high-throughput conditions. The metabolite compounds were separated in a run time below one minute and the width of the peaks extracted by the Metabolite ID software were below one second (FWHH). The major metabolites were identified quickly by means of the Agilent Metabolite Identification software. A summary report as well as detailed reports for each metabolite were generated.

# **References**

## 1.

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