

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION USING ADVANCED SAMPLE HANDLING TECHNOLOGY

## Hydrogenation of Crude Oil at Elevated Pressure

Pyrolysis-GC/MS is a simple tool for the characterization of various crude oils. Rapid heating of approximately 0.5 - 1 µL of the oil volatilizes it directly to the GC where it is then analyzed like any other complex mixture. The bottom chromatogram in Figure 1 shows just Py-GC/MS in helium of such a crude oil. The addition a catalytic reactor, a pressure regulator and a trap to the system permits treating the oil in a reactive atmosphere, such as hydrogen, at higher pressures. The sample is volatilized by the Pyroprobe, and the resulting compounds are then carried in the reactant gas through the reactor to the trap, which is positioned after the backpressure regulator. The hydrogenated products are collected by the trap, which is then thermally

desorbed to the gas chromatograph. The middle chromatogram in Figure 1 shows the effect of heating the oil at 600°C in hydrogen at 100 PSI, with the flow going through a reactor with a platinum catalyst at 500°C. Under these conditions, compounds with double bonds are hydrogenated, converting olefins to paraffins. This effect is seen more easily in Figure 2. Here a series of olefins is marked with "O"s in the standard Py-GC/MS run on the bottom. Using a hydrogen carrier at 100 PSI, these olefins are completely hydrogenated, so the peaks are absent in the upper chromatogram.

If the pressure is increased further, the effect is to generate aromatics. For the upper chromato-



Figure 1. Py-GC of crude oil, bottom, at 100 PSI Hydrogen, center and at 400 PSI, top.

gram in Figure 1, the reactor temperature is still 500°C, but the pressure is now 400 PSI. Benzene, toluene, xylenes and heavier aromatics are generated in large quantities, although some of the aliphatics may still be seen. In addition, the chromatogram is now characterized by an increase in early eluters and a considerable reduction in the less volatile compounds from the original crude oil.

## **Instrument Conditions**

## Pyroprobe 5200 HP-R

Interface:	325°C for 4 minutes
Pyrolysis:	600°C for 15 seconds
Reactor:	500°C, Platinum
Pressure:	100 PSI, 400 PSI
Trap:	325°C for 4 minutes

## GC/MS

Column:30m x 0.25 mm 5% phenylCarrier:Helium, 50:1 splitProgram:40°C for 2 minutes,<br/>10°/min to 300°C



**Figure 2.** Expanded pyrograms of crude oil in He, bottom, with olefins marked "O" and in  $H_2$ , top.

CDS Analytical, Inc. has been a leader in the design and manufacture of laboratory instruments for sample preparation and analysis since 1969. We are dedicated to providing the best possible instruments for both research and routine analysis. Well known in the field of pyrolysis, CDS manufactures the Pyroprobeâ 5000, 5150, 5200 and 5250 autosampler for the introduction and analysis of solid materials by GC, MS and FT-IR. CDS offers a complete line of dynamic headspace instruments for the analysis of volatile organic compounds in environmental, pharmaceutical and food applications, including the model 8400 four-position autosampler. CDS also manufactures the Dynatherm line of thermal desorption instruments including the 9000 series for air monitoring and the 9300 TDA. Our customers, their requirements and applications are important to us. To help meet your needs, we offer a wide range of analytical information and the services of our applications laboratory. If you would like additional information, please contact us at the address below, call us at 1 800 541 6593, or log onto **www. cdsanalytical.com.**