

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION USING ADVANCED SAMPLE HANDLING TECHNOLOGY

Determination of Polymethyltrifluoropropyl Siloxane in Crude Oil

Poly[methyl(trifluoropropyl)siloxane], (PMTFPS) is, among other things, an antifoaming agent added to crude oils, generally in the low PPM levels. Since it is a polymer, it cannot be determined by GC directly, but may be pyrolyzed to produce fragments that are compatible with GC. When the polymer itself is pyrolyzed at 750°C, the pyrogram looks like the top chromatogram in Figure 1. Several of the major peaks in the pyrolysate have mass spectra with a large peak for ion 233. This ion was selected from the TIC, and is shown in the lower chromatogram in Figure 1. To determine the presence of PMTFPS in crude oil, the peaks at about 7 and 9 minutes were selected

lon 233 is not a significant ion in the chromatogram of crude oil, especially in the first 10 minutes. To prepare the sample, 1 µl of crude oil was injected into a quartz tube filled with quartz wool. The sample was first heated to 300°C while being purged to vent, to remove many of the early eluting compounds from the oil itself. This was done automatically during the Pyroprobe accessory initial step. After this, the remaining sample was pyrolyzed at 750°C.

Crude oil with no PMTFPS showed no peaks at the retention times of the PMTFPS products (top pyrogram in Figure 2). When PMTFPS is present at the 15 PPM level, however, the characteristic peaks from the polymer are clearly visible in the pyrogram displaying ion 233.



Figure 1. Pyrolysis of PMTFPS at 750°C, TIC (top) and ion 233 (bottom).



Figure 2. Ion 233 for a sample of crude oil with no PMTFPS (top) and for a sample with 15 PPM (bottom).

Experimental Conditions

The samples were pyrolyzed in a quartz tube inserted into the coil filament rod of a Pyroprobe 5200, which was interfaced to a GC/MS.

Pyrolysis

Interface:	Initial Final	300°C 325°C	5 minutes 3 minutes	FOR MORE INFORMATION CONCERNING THIS APPLICATION, WE RECOMMEND THE FOLLOWING READING:
Pyrolysis:	olysis: 750°C 15.00 seconds			K. D. Jansson et al., Determination of
lso zones:	o zones: Transfer Line: Valve oven:		325°C 325°C	polymer additives using analytical py- rolysis, J. Anal. Appl. Pyrolysis 79 (2007) 353-361.
GC/MS				
Injection Port:		325°C		Additional literature on this and related applications may be obtained by con- tacting your local CDS Analytical rep- resentative, or directly from CDS at the address below.
Carrier:		Helium, 1.2 mlmin		
Split:		50:1		
Oven:		40°C for 2 min 10°C/min to 320°C		
Mass range:		35 to 600 amu		

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